Quantum Physics (PHY 201) IISER Bhopal Assignment 5 (07-10-2010)

1. As we have seen in the class, the continuity equation for a quantum mechanical system with purely real potential, V(x), is given by, $\frac{\partial P(x,t)}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial J_x}{\partial x} = 0$. Now, assume that V(x) is complex. Follow the same analysis which we used to derive the above continuity equation in the class and show that, the continuity equation in case of complex V(x) is given by, $\frac{\partial P(x,t)}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial J_x}{\partial x} = 2P(x,t)\Im(V(x))$, where $\Im(V(x)$ is the imaginary part of the potential, V(x) and $P(x,t) = \Psi^*(x,t)\Psi^*(x,t)$ denotes the probability density.

(Note: As a special case of the result that we have derived above, let's assume, J(x) = 0. In this case, a positive value of $\Im(V(x)$ implies $\frac{\partial P(x,t)}{\partial t} > 0$. So, $\Im(V(x)$ works like a source of particles. On the other hand, a negative value of $\Im(V(x)$ implies there exists a sink of particles in the system.)

2. A beam of electrons is incident on the left hand side of the step potential barrier which is drawn in the figure below, Assume that the electrons have energy $E < V_0$ and that V = 0 for $x \le 0$ and $V = V_0$ for



x > 0.

- a) Write down Schrodinger equations in regions 1 and 2.
- b) By solving Scrodinger equation find the incident wave, reflected wave and transmitted wave.
- c) Find the coefficients of reflection and transmittance.
- 3. A particle of mass m moves in a potential that has the form as shown in the figure below. The potential function satisfies $V(x) = \infty$ for x < 0, V(x) = 0 for $0 \le x \le L/2$, $V(x) = V_0$ for $L/2 < x \le L$ and $V(x) = \infty$ for x > L. Assume that $E > V_0$. Find the equation satisfied by the energy E.

